Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL X.] SATURDAY, MARCH 31, 1810. [2753.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,

WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets,

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY

CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas.

30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.

20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon and Teneriffe Wine.

8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.

2000 lbs. Seine Twine.

50 boxes Mould Candles.

50 do. Spanish Segars.

8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,

Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 18.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the western country, will sell the FARM on which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles from Alexandria, 9 from George Town ferry, and about the same from the Potomac bridge crossing to the city of Washington—in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, containing about 470 acres, on which is a convenient dwelling house, large enough for a genteel family, together with all the outhouses suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of apple trees of selected fruit, together with different other fruit trees, a proportion of improved meadow for the scythe, and a large portion more may easily be made. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by application to Mr JOHN DULIN, adjoining the said farm, or the subscriber on the premises.

E. Dulin.

June 2. dtf.

Union College Lottery.

On the first day of April next, Tickets will advance to *Nine Dollars Fifty Cents.*

Present price Nine Dollars.

For sale by

Robert Gray.

March 20.

ROBERT GRAY,

BOOK-SELLER, KING-STREET,

Has lately received for sale the following articles:

Talleyrand's Memoir concerning the commercial relations of the United States with England.

Zollikoffer's Sermons on Education.

Remarks on Adams' Review of Ames' works.

Mrs. Chapone's works.

Macknight on the Epistles, vol. 1st, to be comprised in 6 vols. octavo—price to subscribers 2 dolls. 50 cts. in boards.

Guthrie's Geographical, Historical, and Commercial Grammar, improved, 2 vols. octavo.

The works of President Edwards, 8 vols octavo.

The works of Dr Rush, 4 vols. octavo.

Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary.

Brooke's Gazetteer.

Hutchinson's Xenophon.

Gibson's and Jesse's Surveying.

Murphy's Lucian.

Barlow's Columbiad, 2 vols. 12mo.

American Register, vol. 6th.

Dr. Ramsay's History of South Carolina, 2 vols. octavo, boards—price 5 dolls. 50 cts.

☞ Subscriptions received by R. Gray for the Monthly Anthology, Macknight on the Epistles, and a new American Dispensatory, all now publishing by subscription in sten.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber has removed to that house in Fairfax street, northernmost door, nearly opposite Mr. Thompson's large brick building; where persons having business with himself, or Mr. John Ramsay, will please call.

Colin Auld.

March 29. 3t

A NEW NOVEL.

Just Published, and for Sale by

COTTOM & STEWART,

Price 1 Dollar,

GLENCARN;

OR

THE DISAPPOINTMENTS OF YOUTH,

A NOVEL.

By GEORGE WATTERSTON, Esq.

Of WASHINGTON CITY,

Author of the Lawyer and Child of Feeling.

The celebrity of this author's "LAWYER," and "CHILD OF FEELING" induced the publishers to engage in this work, and without detracting from the merits of the former, feel themselves justified in stating that his GLENCARN is superior to either. It is submitted without further recommendation, with a wish, that the American reviewers may give further encouragement to this young gentleman's endeavors to entertain, instruct and moralize his fellow citizens, in a way seemingly well calculated to attract their attention.

Feb. 6.

FRESH SEEDS.

NICHOLAS HINGSTON,

Fairfax, near Prince-street,

RESPECTULLY informs his friends and customers, that he hath on hand a general assortment of *Fresh Seeds*, consisting of ten sorts of Garden Peas; a variety of the best early Beans; early and late Cabbage; Carrots; Beets; Parsnip; Radish in sorts; early and long green Cucumber; white and red Onion; Leek; Lettice; Chervil; Sorrel; Mustard; Cresses; Spinage; Salsafy; Parsley; Celery; Endive; Peppers; Kale; Turnip; Simbling; Pumpkin; Water Melon; Cantalup; Gourd; Lamb-Quarter; Fennel; Corriander; Carraway; Annies; Canary Seed; Rape; Maw; Hemp; Flax.

GRASSES.

Red Clover; Timothy; Lucern; Burnet; Orchard Grass, Peruvian or Meadow Oat.

In addition to his assortment of Glass, China and Queen's Ware, he is opening—plain and cut Jelly Glasses; plain and cut Tumblers and Wines; a few sets of elegant Chimney Ornaments; Decanters; Glass Pitchers, and a number of other small articles.

ALSO,

A complete assortment of the best quality Stone Ware; Flower Pots; Garden Tools, &c. &c.

March 24. d1w&1awt1stMy

Pinkerton's Collection of Voyages and Travels.

THE second number of this valuable Work is just come to hand and is ready for delivery to subscribers, at *Two Dollars*, payable on delivery.

On Monday next, the second of April, the subscription will be raised to Two Dollars twenty-five Cents each number agreeable to the conditions.

James Kennedy, sen.

March 29. 4t

Public Sale.

On Saturday next at the coffee house, at twelve o'clock I will offer the LOT OF GROUND, adjoining Purkis's Garden for sale, on the terms mentioned in my former advertisement.

Colin Auld.

March 29. 3t

WILL BE RENTED,

For one or more years,

THE property commonly called Jones's Point, either with or without the marsh and hills adjacent. The subscriber intending to remain in town but a few days requests those who may wish to rent the above mentioned property, to make immediate application.

JOHN R. COOKE.

March 28.

FOR SALE,

At the stable of Mr. Thomas Richards,

Twenty choice young Horses,

SOME of them well calculated for the saddle, and some for the carriage—they will be kept here for a few days, and offered at reasonable rates. Such as are disposed to purchase, will be pleased to make early application.

John M'Iver.

March 27. d1w

JOSEPH H. MANDEVILLE,

OFFERS FOR SALE,

3,000 bushels Coarse Salt,

1 500 do. Ground Allum, do.

500 do. Blown do.

30 barrels New England Rum,

20 do. Whiskey,

150 do. New England Cider,

2,000 lbs. New England Cheese,

March 19. d2w

TO RENT.

THE subscriber will rent the house on Fairfax street, Alexandria, now occupied by Mrs. S. Nickolls, for 200 dollars a year, payable half yearly, and give possession on the 1st of May.

He will rent the property commonly called Jones's Point, the marsh and adjacent hills, or any part of them; or he will sell any part of them, on a credit of one, two and three years—For his land on Fairfax and Franklin streets, he will take one third of the assessed value. He offers for sale a valuable GRIST MILL on Goose Creek, in the county of Loudoun, (Va.) within half a mile of the old turnpike road leading to Alexandria, and about 400 acres of Land adjoining the Mill, great part of which is well covered with timber.

S. COOKE.

Leesburgh, Loudoun County,

March 1. d

APOTHECARY AND DRUGGIST.

HAS *just received, and offers for sale at his wholesale and retail Druggist Store on Fairfax-street, opposite Mr. Bryan Hampson's and next door to Mr. Lloyds a general assortment of Medicines, Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, &c. among which are as follows:*

Powdered Julap, Prepared Calomel, Refined G. Camphor, Spanish Flies, Aqua Fortis, Oil of Vitriol, Gum Opium, Colombo Root, Ditto in Powder, Sugar of Lead, Sinna Leaves, Manna Flake, Ditto in sorts, Rhubard Root, Ditto in Powder, Carved Needles, Pulikins, Teeth Forceps, Gum Lancets, Spring Ditto Thumb Ditto, Cathcter's Elastic, Ditto Silver, Windsor Shaving Soap, Mixt Rose Ditto, Palm Ditto, Jessamine Ditto, Cosmetic Wash Balls, &c. &c. &c.

March 1. d

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living near Fairfax Court House, on the fifth inst a negro girl, named NANCY; about 18 years old, rather tall than otherwise, tolerable likely, dark complexion, thin visage, full mouth, has no marks of the whip nor any other visible marks about her; took with her a new yarn frock, striped red and white; several frocks of calico, a new green muslin bonnet, and some other cloathing. I will give Ten Dollars reward for securing her in any gaol so that I get her again, and all reasonable charges if brought home. She has some connexions in Alexandria and Leesburg, perhaps she may make to one of those towns. I forewarn all persons from assisting her off, concealing or hireing of her.

Coleman Lewis.

March 12.

Advertisement.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from John Potts and Elizabeth his wife to the subscriber, will be sold by public auction, on Saturday the 14th of April next, to the highest bidder, on the premises, sundry Lots or pieces of Ground, situate on Water, Union, and Cameron streets, in the town of Alexandria. A credit of six, twelve and eighteen months will be given to the purchasers, they giving their notes with approved endorsers, and negotiable in the bank of Alexandria for the several instalments and a lien on the property as a further security.

Ludwell Lee, *Trustee.*

March 29.

E. Marshall, *Milliner,*

Has just received from New-York,

Two cases of FASHIONABLE BONNETS, and a quantity of STRAW TRIMMINGS, which she offers for sale on the best terms.

March 30. 3t

☞ JEWELRY.

THE subscriber has just received a handsome assortment of *Cornelian and Coral Ear-Rings* and *Drops*—also, a few pair of *Bracelets*, all of which he will sell low for cash.

John Adam.

March 30.

TO RENT,

A convenient two story Brick Dwelling House, on the corner of Royal and Pitt-streets, together with an excellent Stable—they may be had together or separate. Possession may be had on or before the first of May. Apply to

Thomas Jacob.

March 30. 3t

FOR SALE,

At public auction, on the premises, on Friday the 6th day of April next at four o'clock,

A Lot of Ground,

(In fee simple) twenty five feet front on Washington street, nearly opposite Mr. Jacob Hoffman's Sugar House. There are on the premises two Dwelling Houses, both of which are under rent. A liberal credit will be given.

Alexander Perry.

March 20.

☞ 40 or 50 bales Cotton, or a few hogsheads Tobacco, would be taken on freight on board the ships *United States* or *William Keats*, if application is immediately made.

The subscriber will give cash for good Maryland or Virginia Tobacco, & white oak hogshead and barrel Staves.

March 30. d1w

NOTICE.

THE subscriber will receive sealed proposals for cleaning the streets of Alexandria for one year, until Saturday next, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Adam Lynn, c. c.

March 28.

For Sale at Public Auction,

On Friday the 6th day of April next at four o'clock, on the premises,

Two valuable Lots of Ground,

each twenty four feet front on Washington street, and distant from King street one hundred feet. Terms will be made known at the time of sale.

Richard Lewis.

March 26. dts

Lease of Sebastian Spring Tavern

FOR SALE AT AUCTION.

WILL be sold on the premises on Thursday the 5th of April next, at 10 o'clock, precisely, the unexpired lease of the above Tavern (including three summers) with 15 acres of Land, *with or without the improvements.* Further particulars at time of sale.

At same time will be sold a variety of Bar Room Furniture, consisting of gallon, half gallon, quart, pint and half pint Tumblers, common and Champaign wine-glasses, quart, pint and half pint decanters, common and China bowls of large and small sizes, waiters of every description, patent lamps, and a variety of other articles, suitable for tavern keeping. Also, a small stock of Liquors, 2 Stoves, one of them very handsome, a few Farming utensils, a Grindstone, a Horse and Cart and two fine Cows. Possession of the place will be given within 10 days from day of sale.

N. B. The improvements consist of a good Dwelling House, containing 3 rooms on the lower floor, besides a family chamber and bar room; and two lodging rooms above; a good kitchen, stable, a large shed, a store house, a dairy, a bath house, fowl houses, &c. &c.

March 29.

FOR SALE,

Forty nine barrels of best HAVANNA COFFEE.

JAMES SANDERSON,

March 6.

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

SATURDAY, MARCH 31.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESEMTATIVES.

TUESDAY, MARCH 20.

DEBATE

On the detachment of Militia Bill.

[CONTINUED.]

The question having been stated—"Shall the bill pass?"

[*Mr. Potter's Speech concluded.*]

When I take another view of the probable use of this army, and consider that it may be made use of in offensive war against Canada, and that it is to be kept up and become a regular system for twenty years, to form a bulwark as I understood the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. Southard) to say, and that with them he would cross the lines and annex Canada to this country. When I hear so much of this patriotic Canadian fire, it leads me to think immediately of the defenceless situation of the state that I help feebly to represent, and that as soon as the time shall arrive, that we shall make an attack on Canada or Quebec, that the best part of that state must again fall a sacrifice to the English who can with a fleet take possession of it when they please, and I would not give one hundred acres of it for the whole province of Nova Scotia for me to live on.

The best part of that state was in possession of the enemy the greater part of the last war. They proved very bad tenants; they burnt our houses and cut down our orchards, and neither paid rent or damages. Notwithstanding all this, that state furnished as many continental troops as a numbers, and such were its exertions and situation, that when the war was over it was in debt several hundred thousand dollars, incurred in consequence of the war, having this debt to pay and its government to support by direct taxation, deriving no benefit from the wild and unsettled lands in the United States, which were preserved as well by the exertions of that state as by those who have been exclusively benefitted by them. Nor was Rhode Island so fortunate in the assumption of the state debts as to have this debt, incurred in consequence of the war, assumed for them, while other states had considerable sums assumed for them upon a supposition that they had advanced more than their proportion, and upon a final settlement they were found in debt and would neither refund the sum that was assumed for them or pay the balance thus reported against them.

Many gentlemen who talk strong for war, if we should have one, from their local situation would hear but little of it; nor could they be much injured by it: while those places that are the more exposed, such as the state that I represent, must be defended and guarded, if at all, I suppose by torpedoes. And if they should not prove a sufficient protection, and our towns and houses on the sea coast should be burnt we must then move back into the country and live in the log houses of some large land holder or be shut up in some large manufacturing establishment to work for our living.

But, sir, we are told by the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. Southard) that the governor of Canada has made a war speech. That gentleman has no occasion to be alarmed, for in that kind of warfare we are able to contend with all the world. And we are the last nation that ought to be frightened into unnecessary expences by high toned speeches, let them come from where they may. By what I have heard of his speech it was only calculated to calm the fears of the Canadians, and to persuade them not to be frightened at our war speeches, by telling them that war did not depend so much upon those speeches as upon the moderation of his majesty. I presume if we will let them alone on the land, they will us.

I am against this detaching for many reasons that have great weight on my mind. In the state of Rhode Island we have fifteen or twenty independent companies, composed of some of the first and most active men in the state, and to their honor be it said, that they are not excelled by any companies of any kind in the U. S. They have been at very great expence in arming, disciplining and uniforming themselves, and are ready at a moment's warning to do their duty, but they will not turn out and be encamped 20 days for the sake of a gun, or to be disciplined by those who do not know as much about it as they do. And if you detach them and take them from their companies it will be the means of breaking them up. It has already injured them very much and put them to great expence, and as they are in the most exposed parts of the state it is of importance to encourage and not discourage them. Many men detached from the militia who may think there may be more meant than is really intended, will be imposed upon and put to great expence in hiring some person to take their place.

The quakers or friends must suffer very much by the operation of this law, their personal service must be had and they made subject to martial law, their persons cannot be exempt by fines or commutation, as from the common militia duty in the state of Rhode Island; some of these people in the country that I live in are in favor of the present administration, because they suppose them against war. This law will operate extremely hard upon this society, and I wish it was in my power to relieve them from this military persecution, which will be very injurious to them, and the public can derive no kind of benefit from it. As a society, with few exceptions, they are much and very deservedly respected; as citizens and members of the community, peaceable and industrious.

But, gentlemen say, that the minority find fault because the nation is not protected and their rights respected, and oppose every measure that the majority attempt for that purpose. We do not find fault because you do not protect our commerce. We know it cannot be done with what ships we have: but we find fault with the administration for restraining and embarrassing it when they know it is out of their power to protect it.

And as it respects the opposition of the minority to measures that they consider ruinous to the best interests of the country, you must expect it. We would help the administration to retrace, revise and correct what we consider their former errors, as something is always attended with bad consequences. I have always considered it a very fortunate session of Congress, under any administration, for them to meet and revise their former acts, and repeal and amend them when and where they were found from experience to need it, and separate without doing much other business other than making the necessary preparations.

We cannot protect our commerce without an immense fleet, and I have always been of opinion, that such an one cannot be built, manned and supported in this country unless by *impressions* or *oppressions*. You must either impress men to man your ships for almost nothing, or you must give them such wages to induce them to enter on board as would oppress the whole nation to pay them. In this I differ from many of my political friends and many of my constituents. But I must be permitted to act according to my own judgment. I would have a few ships for the Mediterranean service. Our ministers should go abroad and return home in a vessel of war—a gunboat at least—and not in a trading coffee ship.

We have been a favored nation in many respects, and a very unfortunate one in many others. For many years past we have been a nation of experiments and substitutes. In respect to our navy, we began by building frigates; then we got timber to build seventy-fours; and we have gone through every kind and grade, even down to gun boats, and all we hear about gunboats now is, that it costs us about sixty-four thousand dollars a year to take care of those that are not in use. Now torpedoes are all the rage, the use of which is to supercede the necessity of ships or even gunboats.

We began our commercial welfare with non-importation, for which we substituted embargo, for which we substituted non-intercourse, which is agreed by all parties to be very injurious and ought to be repealed, and it has been continued all winter, and all the commerce and enterprize of the nation suspended, for its friends, if it has any, to find another substitute, as it will not by any means answer to let this restrictive system run out for fear there would be an end for legislation on that subject.

We began by a standing army; then a large paper detached army. The present are to be enlisted volunteers, to be armed and encamped.

If you want to add to your army you ought to enlist them. If you want militia to do the duty assigned them by the constitution, to enforce your laws, quell insurrections and repel invasion, arm them, and they will do their duty. You cannot carry the militia out of the U. S. by the constitution. If the constitution gives that power you would not want a law to that effect, and if it does not, any law that you may make will be unconstitutional and not binding. But, sir, whenever that time shall come, that we have an army of one hundred and ten thousand men at the command of a President, and perhaps one of more martial ambition than the present, our constitution will gradually lose its virtue, and will only answer for us to read and see what we have been. I have always belonged to the militia, until excused by my age, and stood my chance in the last detachments, and have always been ready to perform that duty whenever called upon. My practical republicanism never would permit me, to obtain a travelling title, for the purpose of excusing myself from that service. But if I had supposed, that the constitution could have been so construed as to have authorized the detaching or impressing the militia for nine months regular service, and that I could have been, for that length of time, encamped at New Orleans, or on the snow, in Canada, or before the walls of Quebec, it would have put me to thinking very seriously at least.

I have a very serious objection to this army, on account of the expence. If the whole of these men can enlist, their guns, &c. will be worth a million of dollars at least, and if they encamp, the twenty days in the two years, the pay and rations with the tents and camp equipage, with the expence of transporting those things, altogether will be equal to a dollar a day for a man, including officer and soldier, which will make two million of dollars more.—And to this the expences of your armorers, and the rent of your arsenals, if you have five hundred men encamped, in a place, you must have two hundred encampments, and as many armorers, and arsenals. And if you dont have more some of the men must travel a great distance. These expences must all be incurred by this bill, provided they should never be called into actual service.

We now have but little money, and our revenue is, [illegible] dwindled to almost nothing. It is therefore improper, under such circumstances, to increase our expences, which will compel us to lay additional duties and burdens on the people; who already have enough to do.

A few days since, while in my seat, thinking how long we had been here, and how little we had done, and how much we had cost the nation, my attention was called very agreeably to a speech of a gentleman on my left from Virginia (Mr. Eppes) describing the great wealth of the U. S. saying that they had a solid capital of ten hundred million of dollars. This immediately raised my spirits very much, thinking if that was the case, a few millions of dollars squandered away would scarcely be missed; but when I heard that gentleman describe this wealth and inform us, in what it consisted, and that it was, in an unsaleable and unproductive wilderness, I must confess I again felt the necessity of economy. I have always been pleased to hear that gentleman, he speaks feelingly, and generally with a full knowledge of the subject; but as I hope he never has been reduced to the necessity of borrowing money, he may not know quite as much on that subject as some gentlemen, who may have experienced the ill effects of it.

I presume, sir, that it is on the credit of this unproductive wilderness, that we are to borrow money to build and man ships, raise and support armies and to carry on war.

It is with a government, about borrowing money, as with an individual. As long as there is ability to pay this interest punctually, and the principle in a reasonable time, your credit will continue. But if you cannot pay the interest, your revenue having failed; if you depend upon borrowing to support government—to support armies and navies, and have no income to meet those expences, the stock of the U. States will soon be below par, and your credit is at an end. If we borrow, putting a nominal value on our land as our credit fails, our creditors will have some hand in fixing the price. The value of this land depends entirely upon the commercial prosperity of the United States, and it ought not to be sold and sacrificed until that prosperity is again restored. If we get into war our floating capital must be had at some rate or other to carry it on. Our young men will go into the army and navy and if we cannot import foreign manufactures, many of them must go into manufacturing establishments. That instead of this new land being saleable, it will reduce the value of the land already settled, one half at least. And instead of the people making new purchases and settling new countries, those who are already in new countries, where there are but few inhabitants, will, for the sake of society, and to better their circumstances, move back to resettle the old states, so that this wild land, in such a state of things would be worth but little, for a century to come.

It is with the public, as with an individual, who spends his estate at his own valuation. An individual puts a value on his estate and borrows money until he gets up to half its value, in his judgement; then his creditor undertakes to put on his valuation, according to Old Hudibras's mode of valuing property, and take the whole of the estate for half its value, according to the opinion of the owner, and he is at once made a poor man. So if an individual has wild land, and wants to borrow money or keep up his credit, it is only to add a few dollars or cents to the acre, which adds to his nominal wealth and sometimes gives him additional credit.

Political and domestic economy are much the same. When a man's income fails him, instead of putting a nominal or fictitious value on his estate, which will deceive himself and his creditors, he had better reduce his expences to his means. Our revenue having failed owing to our restrictions on commerce, instead of increasing our expences, which will make it necessary to lay additional duties and burdens on the people, I would much sooner retrench our expences, and instead of increasing the duties to warrant this expence, I would reduce them on the necessaries of life. And instead of spending three millions of dollars about the present contemplated army I would reduce the present establishment to a peace establishment, at least much sooner than I would add to the burdens of the people, or sacrifice our Western lands.

The people are much in debt one with another. The common farmers of moderate property have suffered much, for the last three years. Every thing they have been obliged to buy, has cost them nearly double. Imported woolen cloth which commonly cost three dollars a yard has cost them five dollars; and their produce has been proportionally low. I would give them a respite for a few years, until they should recover in some measure, from what they have suffered for the last three years. But I shall be asked how can this be done? Rather than do it I would pay the interest of the debt, and let the principal remain. I can see no use in borrowing money of one man to pay another when he does not want his money. If we have all this wealth why should the people be pushed to pay the public debt at this time? Our debt is about fifty million of dollars, and if our population should only be five millions, at this time, it would be only ten dollars to each individual. And as our revenue is derived from consumption of dutiable articles, and as that consumption increases with the population, so that as our population increases, our ability to pay increases; and if it should amount to ten millions in twenty years to come, our revenue would be increasing all the intermediate time to answer the purposes of the government, and at the end of twenty years, our numbers having doubled our ability to pay it is doubled. So that each individual's proportion would be but five dollars, being reduced one half, without his paying one cent. I am therefore, not only against raising this army for the purpose of laying additional burthens upon the people, but I am against taxing them one cent, directly or indirectly for the purpose of paying any of the principal of the present debt, when our creditors do not want it. Let those who may come to the stage hereafter take some of the debt and bear a small part of the burden with the blessings that I hope they may inherit.

ISAAC KELL,

Coppersmith, Plumber, and Tin-Plate Worker,

HAVING REMOVED from Water to Prince street, two doors above the corner of the late Col. Hooe, informs those who have hitherto favored him with their custom, and those who may be disposed to do so, that he will thankfully receive and endeavor to merit their favors.

Cash or exchange given for old Copper, Brass, Pewter or Lead.

WANTED,

A BOY of good morals as Apprentice to the above business.

March 29. 2aw

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

SATURDAY, MARCH 31.

MARRIED on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Dr. *Muir*, Mr. OLIVER WILSON, of Wilmington, (Delaware,) to Miss MARY HEINEMAN, daughter of Mr. Jacob Heineman of West-End.

On the same evening by the same, Mr. LAWRENCE HILL, to Miss JANE PERRY, daughter of Mr. Alexander Perry, both of this town.

Kingston, Jamaica, Feb. 15.—Flour $ 15 a 16; bread 8; herrings 6 a 7; hhd. staves 90 a 100; hoops 50 a 60.

Extract of a letter from a respectable house, dated Havanna, Feb. 28, 1810.

"Since ours of the thirteenth ultimo, a new order has been issued here—prohibiting the entry of flour from the United States, in *any* vessels. Several in port have been ordered out. Household furniture also prohibited. Port crowded with Americans; and the market glutted with British, German and Spanish goods and with provisions generally. Many vessels here must make ruinous voyages. An American vessel which got in with jerked beef from the River Plata, has made a great voyage. Box sugars 3 to 5 and 4 a 6; Muscovado 5 1-2 a 6 1 2; coffee 14 a 15 1-2. Exchange on the United States, par; on London no drawers."

To shew the great efficacy of our embargo and non-intercourse laws, and to prove the distresses which England suffers from the continental system of exclusion, to which Bonaparte, "our king," proclaims that the United States are fast approximating, we copy the following article from the Morning Chronicle of the 8th of December, an English opposition paper.

(N Y Ev Post)

"Applications to the Board of Trade have been made to obtain permission for the export of hemp and flax, on account of the immense quantity which has been received from Russia in three convoys lately arrived, consisting of nearly 3000 vessels. We understand that a sufficiency of these commodities has been obtained to supply the ordinary demand for several years."

"At no period of our history was there known such stores of wine, brandy, hemp, tallow, timber, &c. as now crowd our docks, quays, and warehouses. It is said, that the quantity of pipes, butts, puncheons, and hogsheads of wine and spirits now under bond, and lying on demurrage, exclusive of the quantity in the merchants' cellars, in London, would, if placed endways, exceed one hundred miles in length."

NORFOLK, *March* 24.

Arrived ship Union, 48 days from Lisbon. A brig sailed the day before for Boston. Sailed February 4, in company with the ships John and Edward, Buoger, for New York; and the ship Thomas, Harper for Alexandria. Markets rising, flour $ 11, rice 7 per quintal, beef and pork no sale. February 9, lat. 37, 4, was chased by a ship of war under Spanish colors.—20th, spoke ship Young Factor, Coffin, 52 days from Lisbon for New York, and kept company two days. Passenger, Mr. Keith of Alexandria.

LONDON, *Jan.* 13.

Isle of Bourbon.—Early in the morning of the 31st Sept. about 350 of our brave soldiers, and 200 of our royal marines, were landed before day break, and soon carried three of the forts. The squadron went in and fired their broadsides, and then hauled out; the Syrius frigate, capt. Pym, stood in again, and anxious to avail himself of the only opportunity that presented itself to his vigilant eye, he asked leave, and was permitted, by signal from the commodore to anchor; and accordingly, in the most gallant style, carried his little ship in, and placed her within pistol shot of the beach, and half musket shot of the Caroline French frigate, and the two East Indiamen, and a French brig of war, and opened so heavy a fire on them from his English bull dogs, that in twenty minutes (the troops at the same time charging thro' the town) the whole struck their colors.—Both army and navy joined in this brilliant enterprize, declaring that they had never seen or thought it possible for a ship to keep up so tremendous a fire as the Syrius exhibited on that occasion, and we understand it was principally owing to the very great exertions of capt. Pym, his officers and crew, that the two Indiamen were saved from being burnt; or that any of the stores and goods from the shore, were taken off and put on board the Streatham.

The following are the ships and vessels taken:

	Guns.	Tons.
Caroline, French frigate, about two years old.	45	1000
Grappler, French brig, coppered,	12	130
Streatham, Hon. East India Company's ship,	30	819
Europea, do. do.	30	819
La Funny do. do.	2	140
Three Friends, do do.	—	50
Gipsey, brig,	—	160

Notwithstanding the burning of the store houses, in which the greater part of the cargoes of the captured British ships were laid up, this island is likely to prove a most valuable prize to the land and sea forces to which it surrendered. It is said, that letters received at the admiralty, from admiral Bertie, commander in chief of his majesty's ships and vessels on the cape station, announce the arrival of treasure at that place from the Isle of Bourbon, to the amount of three millions and a half of dollars, supposed to have been realised altogether by the sale of British captured ships and property, to the Americans who frequented the island, and the isle of France for the purpose of making purchases. Judging from this fact, the capture of the isle of France may be looked forward to as a perfect mine of wealth.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, *March* 29.
[CONCLUDED.]

[*Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.*]

The house resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the report of the committee of commerce and manufactures, on the petition of Authony Burk—the report is favorable—the house concurred, and ordered the bill to be brought in.

Adjourned.

FRIDAY, *March* 30.

Mr. W. Alston from the committee appointed to report what business is necessary to be done the present session, and also the day proper for congress to adjourn, made a report of the business before the house necessary to be completed, and the following resolution:

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, That the president of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives be and they are hereby authorised to adjourn their respective houses on the 23d of April next.

Mr. Love moved to postpone the consideration of the resolution until Monday next. The question was taken by ayes and noes and carried. Ayes 61.—Noes 58.

Mr. Randolph gave notice that he should on Monday next call for the consideration of his resolution relative to the reduction of the army and navy.

The house resumed the consideration of the bill relative to the Batture at New Orleans—Mr. Bibb's motion to strike out under consideration. The question was taken by ayes and noes, and carried; ayes 95, noes 22.

The question was then taken on Mr. Bibb's substitute by ayes and noes, and negatived; ayes 36, noes 84.

Mr. Gholson moved to fill the blank in the bill, occasioned by striking out the sections, with three new sections, providing for the appointment of three commissioners to collect evidence relative to the Batture, and report the same to this house.

The question was taken by ayes and noes—ayes 63, noes 63, the Speaker voting in the affirmative it was carried.

Referred to a committee of the whole house and made the order of the day for this day.

The house resolved itself into committee of the whole, Mr. Bassett in the chair, on the Batture bill.

Extract of an Act of the Corporation of Alexandria, for the extinguishment of Fire.

Section 7 If any person who shall be present at any fire, shall neglect or refuse to obey the order or direction of any officer who shall be appointed by any fire company now established or which may be hereafter established, knowing him to be an officer, such person shall forfeit and pay the sum of five dollars Provided the name of such officer shall have been first published in one of the public papers.

At a meeting of the Sun Fire Company, held in the Court House on the 26th of March, 1810, *the following Officers were chosen*, viz.:

George Deneale, President.
Cuthbert Powell, Vice-President.
John Hooff, Treasurer.

Commanders.
George Deneale, 1st
John Tucker, 2d
Adam Lynn, 3d

Sub. Directors.
Cuthbert Powell,
Joseph Riddle,
John Hooff,

Regulators.
Jacob Hoffman,
Joseph Mandeville,
Trueman Brashears
Thomas Lawrason,

Trustees.
Jonah Thompson,
Dennis Ramsay,
James Kennedy,

JOSEPH RIDDLE Cl.

March 29.

Domestic Manufacture Company,

THE third instalment of *One Dollar*, on each share of stock of the Domestic Manufacture Company of Alexandria, is called for and required to be paid to the Agent of the Company, at their warehouse on King street on *Tuesday* the third day of April next, agreeable to the articles of association.

J. M'KINNEY, *Chairman*
Of the Board of Directors.

March 30.

TUITION.

MRS EDMONDS, respectfully informs the public, she proposes on Monday, the second day of April, to open a School for the tuition of young ladies, in Prince street, three doors above the late Col. Hoge's: and will teach, with the aid of proper assistants, the following branches, viz. Reading, Writing, Arithmetic and English Grammar, Drawing, Painting in inks and colors, on satin, tiffany, &c. &c. and dresses in durable ink. Embroidery in chenilles, gold, silver and silk Caps wrought in do. Print work in figures or landscapes. Tambour, and Needle work, plain and fanciful, Fringe, and Netting, in all its variety.

By a *careful, unremitted* and *equal* attention to her school, she hopes to merit a part of the public's patronage.

March 6 d12dAp

PUBLIC AUCTION,

On Tuesday the third of April next,
At their Store in Market Street—Sale to commence at ten o'clock in the morning—the goods to be viewed the day of sale—

THE ENTIRE
STOCK IN TRADE,
OF
JAMES DALL & CO.
CONSISTING OF
Four Hundred Packages of the following articles:

PRINTED CALICOES, Fancy Plates, super undressed Cambrics, super 3-8 Chintz, Cambric Muslins, Hosiery, Shirting Cambrics, super shirting Long Cloths, Black Cambrics, Ounce Threads, Colored Threads, Manchestry, London Kerseymeres, Irish Linens, Pelise Velvets, Long Lawns, Dimities, Printed Quiltings, Fashionable Printed Waistcoatings, Sewing Silks, Fancy Muslins, Sewing Threads, elegant Muslin Shawls and Robes, Book Muslins, French Fullicat Handkerchiefs, &c. &c. &c.

The above goods will be sold without reserve on liberal and accommodating terms, to close the concern of

James Dall & Co.

Baltimore, March 18—19 dts

LANDING,

From the schooner John, Captain Norris, from Norfolk, and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle,

35 hogsheads of Molasses,
2 bales Beerbeen Guroahs,

March 28.

YOUNG HYSON TEA.

JUST RECEIVED,

A quantity of fresh *Young Hyson Tea*, of a good quality, which will be sold low by the chest or retail, by

Jonathan Schofield.

March 31. daw

Inspection of Fish.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has been appointed *Inspector of Fish*, and that he is ready to attend to the duties of his office whenever called on.

Joseph Coleman.

March 31. 3t

Public Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from *William Wilson* to the subscriber, to secure the payment of a sum of money to the Bank of Alexandria, will be exposed to sale upon the respective premises, on *Wednesday*, the 25th day of April next, several parcels of Ground lying upon Fairfax, Water, Queen a reet and a 20 foot alley, in the town of Alexandria, on a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months, the purchaser giving notes with approved indorsers for the payment of the purchase money negotiable at the Bank of Alexandria, and deeds of trust upon the property as further security.

James Keith, *Trustee.*

March 31.

Coach-making, in all its various Branches.

E. P TAYLOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he continues to carry on the *Coach-making Business* in all its various branches, at the shop in Fairfax-street, formerly occupied by *Rhea* and *Taylor*, where all orders in his line of business will be strictly attended to.

From an establishment of three years in the above line of business he is able to say, as a proof of his workmanship, he has many vouchers.

Gentlemen who may please to favor him with their orders for Carriages of any kind or description, may depend on having their work executed with neatness and strength.

N. B. All kinds of Carriages and Harnesses made and repaired with neatness and dispatch.

FOR SALE,
A second hand Coachee with Harness.
March 31. eo

Public Sale.

Pursuant to an order of the county court of Fairfax, will be sold, at public sale, on the premises, on *Tuesday*, the 24th of April next, at eleven o'clock, in the forenoon, if fair; if not, on the next fair day, at the same time and place; for the purposes in the said order mentioned—

ABOUT sixty acres of LAND, part of the tract belonging to the late *Roger West*, Esq. and known by the name of WEST GROVE. The land proposed for sale, lies on the south side of Great Hunting Creek, and contiguous to the Hunting Creek Bridge—Its vicinity to the bridge and to the road leading from the bridge, added to the facility of communication with the town, renders it an object of attention to such as are disposed to purchase land in the neighborhood of Alexandria.

It will be laid off in lots to suit purchasers, and sold on a credit of two, four & six months for negotiable notes with an approved endorser. A lien on the land will be retained until payment of the purchase money.

The above land will be sold at private sale at any time before the 24th day of April next, upon application to either of the subscribers, who are authorised to receive proposals for the same.

By order of the Commissioners,
John D. Simms,
James C. West.

March 31. 2awts

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Just received for sale by James Kennedy, sen. Bookseller, King Street:

THE Works of Oliver Goldsmith, M. D. a new and elegant American edition, by Cooke and Thomas, in five volumes, with a fine head of the Author

Travels through the Northern and Eastern States of the Union, in 1807 and 1808, containing a particular account of the constitutions, laws, state of society and manners, literature, soil and produce, population, &c. of each; by William Augustus Kendall.

Travels and Adventures in Canada and the Indian Territory, between the years 1760 and 1776, with a particular account of the Indians—by Alexander Henry, Esq

Romance of the Pyrenees, a novel.

Rosa, or American Genius and Education, a novel.

ALSO,

Lempriere's Classical Dictionary, Mair's Introduction, and a general assortment of the Classic Authors.

March 29. tf

Bryan Hampson. & Co.

Have just received and offer for sale,

15 hhds. first quality New Orleans sugar.
20 bales Upland Georgia cotton.
5 hhds. Jamaica and Antigua rum:
15 do New England do.
15 hhds. first quality molasses.
10 tierces rice.
600 lbs Bengal Indigo.
400 do Flotant do.
15 bags heavy pepper.
15 do pimento.
10 boxes best Albany chocolate.
30 do. Bakers do.
20 qr casks Malaga wine.
500 reams writing and wrapping paper.

AND ON HAND,

London particular Madeira, Do. do. Teneriffe, Sherry, Sicily, Madeira & Port } WINES

All of the first quality in pipes and quarter casks.

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin } TEAS

20,000 lbs. green coffee in bags, and a general assortment of all kinds of groceries.

Selected flour for family use.

March 29.

To be Rented for a term of years

THAT valuable tract of Land, called *Preston*, situate on the Washington and Alexandria turnpike road, at the junction of four mile creek and Potomac river, and distant two miles from Alexandria, three from Washington and five from George Town.—There are upon the premises a two story dwelling house, containing six rooms and a passage, with a kitchen, carriage house, stables, &c. a large, handsome and highly manured garden, of at least ten acres, in a high state of cultivation, and lately laid off by an experienced gardener, an orchard containing several hundred pear, plum, cherry and damson trees, with English walnut, quince and mulberry trees, and also upwards of six hundred apple trees, and two or three hundred peach trees, selected with care from the best nurseries, and all in full bearing. The annual average product of the apple orchard alone is estimated at 400 barrels. This tract contains about 100 acres of land, a considerable part whereof has been manured and sown with clover seed The shores afford fish and wild fowl, and one or two good fishing landings. The situation is healthy, elevated and pleasant, in full view of three towns, and is well calculated for a place of public entertainment. Immediate possession may be had and the terms will be made known uponap lication to

Frances Alexander.

January 23. eotf

Public Sale.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a deed of trust to him from Mr. *William Hodgson*, dated on the 10th day of November, in the year 1808, for the purpose of indemnifying Mr. John Hopkins—will, on FRIDAY, the 26th April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock of that day, if fair; if not, on the next fair day at the same hour, proceed to sell, at the court-house, in Alexandria, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for ready money three thousand acres of LAND, situate on the left fork of Big Sandy Creek, which land was, at the time of the grants for the same, in the county of Monongalia, in the state of Virginia.

The above tracts of land were granted by the state of Virginia, to John Allison by three several patents containing respectively one thousand acres. and bearing date on the first day of October, 1784, which land has been since duly conveyed to the said William Hodgson by deed dated 2d of August, 1790.

Edmund J. Lee, *Trustee.*

Nov. 27. eots

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Just received by JAMES KENNEDY, sen. Bookseller, King street,

The Life of Thomas Paine, by James Cheetham.

Walsh's Letters on the Genius and Disposition of the French government.

Tales of Fashionable Life, by Miss Edgeworth.

The Parent's Assistant, or Tales for Children, by ditto.

Don Sebastion, or the house of Braganz an historical Romance, by Miss Porter.

William Tell, or Switzerland delivered, an historical tale, by the celebrated Florian.

The life of Petrarch, by Mrs. Dobson.

The Yankey in London.

The works of Mrs. Chapone.

Cowper's poems and task, a beautiful miniature edition, elegant.

Scotts Marmion, do. do.

Junius's Letters, do. do.

Mrs. Bryan's conversations on chymistry.

Berthollet's researches into the laws of chymical affinity.

The London dissector, or system of dissection practised in the hospitals and lecture rooms of the metropolis.

March 22. 80

T. W. PEYTON

OFFERS FOR SALE,

6000 bushels Liverpool and Lisbon Salt
Muscavado Sugar in barrels
Loaf and Lump do. do.
Coffee in barrels and sacks
Imperial and young hyson tea in qr. chests.
Spanish Segars in half boxes
Mould and Spermaceti Candles in cases
Brown Soap in do.
N. E. Rum in hhds. and barrels

March 12 eotf

Public Sale.

IN PURSUANCE of a deed executed to the subscribers on the eleventh day of January, 1808, by the late Charles Wadsworth, in trust for certain purposes thereby expressed, they will proceed to sell, at public sale, at Rhodes's tavern, in Washington, on Monday, the second of April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock of that day, if fair; if not, on the next fair day, at the same hour—certain Lots in the city of Washington and district of Columbia, known and distinguished by numbers 4 and 5, in square numbered 77, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

Cuthbert Powell, George Taylor, } *Trustees.*

March 8.

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Offers for sale the following articles, wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt
20000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags
5000 Goshen Cheese, of excellent quality in casks
1000 New England do. do.
200 bbls. of Herrings, Shad and Mackarel
50 tons Plaister Paris
20 bales prime Upland Georgia Cotton.
10 hhds. Jamaica, Antigua and Demarara Rum
4 pipes French and ditto Brandy
15 hhds. Muscovado Sugar
50 bbls. do. do. different qualities
2 hhds. Copperas

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin, } TEAS.

Madeira, Lisbon, Claret, and Catalonia } WINES,

Holland and Country Gin
New England Rum in hhds and bbls.
Peach and Apple Brandy in bbls.
Martinique Cordials, in boxes
Loaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey per gallon, Figblue,
Molasses in hhds. Spanish Flotant Indigo, Spanish Cigars, Butter,
Harris's and Taylor's manufactured Tobacco in kegs,
Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento, Chocolate Nos. 1 and 3, Mould and Dipt Candles,
Malaga Raisins in boxes,
Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each,
Hingham box's, Hamilton's Garrett's and Leiper's Snuff in bottles,
London and Philadelphia Mustard,
Writing and Wrapping Paper,
Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c.

ALSO,

A constant supply of WATER CRACKERS and best SUPERFINE FLOUR, by retail, and
30 hhds. of Maryland and Virginia Tobacco.

Public Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from *William Gore* to the subscriber, to secure the payment of a sum of money to *Daniel Bach*, will be exposed to sale, for ready money, on TUESDAY, the 17th day of April next upon the premises, a piece of GROUND lying upon the north side of King-street and to the eastward of Patrick-street, in the town of Alexandria, extending 25 feet 6 inches upon King street, and running back 100 feet to a 12 foot alley. Upon the ground is erected a three story brick dwelling house. The ground is subject to an annual rent of seventy dollars fifty cents.

James Keith.

March 27. 2awts

FOR SALE.

TO be sold at Cedar Grove in Fairfax county at the late residence of Daniel M'Carty, deceased, a number of likely NEGROES, consisting of men, women, girls and boys. Among them is an excellent coachman and hostler, a good shoemaker, and an elderly woman who is a good meat and pastry cook

If the above mentioned negroes are not sold by private contract before, they will be offered at public sale the third Monday in April, at the court house in Fairfax county.

Sarah M'Carty, Adm'rx.
of Daniel M'Carty, deceased

CedarGrove, March 8—15. 2awts

NOTICE.

THE President and Directors of the Great Hunting Creek Bridge, will receive proposals until Monday, the second day of April next, for opening a road from the southern abutment of said bridge to the fence of Mr. Robert Patton. The distance is one mile and eight poles, the road to be opened 40 feet wide in every part and rounded 20 feet in the middle to a curve of 15 inches, so as to receive a coat of gravel.

John Hooff, *Sec'y.*

March 17. d(31st

JEWELRY.

THE subscriber has just received and offers for sale at his store (corner of Fairfax and Prince streets) a small invoice of Jewelry, consisting of Ladies' Ear-Rings, Bracelets, Necklaces, &c. of new and elegant patterns. Also, a general assortment of Silver Ware, as usual, all of which will be sold very cheap.

John Gaither.

N. B. All kinds of Hair-Work executed in the neatest manner at the shortest notice.

March 29. eo2w

A PERSON properly qualified to Teach the Greek, Latin, and English Languages, grammatically, & Geography, would meet with liberal encouragement in the town of Alexandria if application by letter addressed to the Printer, is speedily made.

February 24 2aw

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of John Potts, are requested to make payment to the subscriber. and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to bring them forward for examination.

WM. HERBERT, jun. Trustee.

March 28. 2aw

MUSCOVADO SUGAR.

About 130,000 lbs. of Muscovado Sugars of a superior quality in casks, weighing from 18 to 23 hundred each, will be sold on generous terms, on application to

James Patton,
OR
Marsteller & Young.

March 18. d

FOR SALE,

A likely NEGRO WOMAN, about 25 years of age, who is a good nurse, washerwoman and house servant.—Also, a strong well built COACHEE, almost as good as new. For terms enquire of the Printer.

February 27 dtf

PUBLIC SALE.

IN compliance with a deed of trust to the subscriber, to secure the payment of a sum of money, will be exposed to sale on their respective premises, for ready money, on Tuesday the 17th day of April next, a piece of GROUND lying on the east side of Washington street and to the northward of Cameron street, extending on Washington street 20 feet and running back 57 feet. Also, one other piece of GROUND adjoining thereto, extending on Washington street 15 feet to a ten foot alley, and running back also 57 feet. On these pieces of ground is erected a small frame dwelling house.

James Keith.

March 17. 2aw

FANCY SOAPS.

TWENTY BOXES SOAPS,

Of the following PLEASING *variety:*

Windsor, Palm, Violet,
Palmyrene, Deep Rose,
Variegated Rose, Wash Balls, &c.

Which will be sold by the box or dozen, assorted, to suit purchasers

Also, a small consignment of GALLOON BINDINGS.

E. Gilman.

March 28. eo3t

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, Feb. Term, 1810.

Ordered, that the executor of George M'Mun, deceased, do insert the folowing advertisement three times in each week for eight weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Teste,

Alex. Moore, Regiſter.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of George M'Munn, late of the county aforesaid, deceased: all persons having claims against the said dec'd are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 21st day of August next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate. And those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 21st day of Feb. 1810,

Mordecai Miller, *Ex'r.*

For Sale at Public Auction,

On Friday the 6th day of April, at 4 o'clock, on the premises,

Two Lots of Ground,

on King street, opposite the Store of Mr. Alexander Perry—The lots are 40 feet front by 100 feet deep, to a ten feet alley. They will be sold with all improvements thereon, subject to a ground rent, and on a credit of 3 and 6 months.

Abel Blakency.

March 28. dts

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax streets, has for sale,

8 pipes London Particular Madeira, old and of superior quality
15 quarter casks Malaga Wine
6 do. Colmenar do.
10 do. Sherry DB & DG Brands
20 cases old Claret and Vin de Grave
50 barrels Whiskey
8 hhds. and 10 barrels Northern Rum
Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin TEAS, of the best qualities.

With a general assortment of Wines, Liquors and Groceries as usual, on moderate terms.

March 28.

GRAND LOTTERY,

Three Prizes of 25,000 Dolls. each.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,

Union College Lottery, No. I.

MANAGERS.

William W. Gilbert, Benjamin Dewitt, George Merchant, Isaac Dennison, Stephen Thorne. AND

SCHEME.

3	Prizes of	$25,000 is	$75,000
1		10,000	10,000
1		5,000	5,000
4	250 Tickets each,	1,000	7,000
2		2,000	4,000
5		1,000	5,000
28		500	14,000
30		200	6,000
50		100	5,000
100		50	5,000
200		20	4,000
10,300		10	105,000
10,924	Prizes,		245,000
24,076	Blanks,		
35,000	Tickets, at 7 dollars, is		245,000

Less than 2 1-4 blanks to a prize; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent Prizes payable 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing.

OF THE ANNEXED PRIZES.

1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled to $1,000.
1st do. 15th do. 250 Tickets from No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.*
1st do. 20th do. 250 do from No. 251 to 500, inclusive.
1st do. 25th do. 550 do. from No. 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive
1st do 30th do. 250 do. from No. 22,251 to 22,500, inclusive.
1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dolls.
1st do. 40th do. 4000
1st do. 45th do. 25,000

First 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a Ten Dollar prize each.

☞ The drawing will commence in the City of New York on the third Tuesday in April next, and will continue to draw 600 Tickets each day (except the last day, when there will remain 800 to be drawn) until finished.

TICKETS for sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, where all tickets sold by him may be examined, and information obtained respecting the Lottery during the drawing, free of expence Prizes in the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken at their full value for Tickets in this Lottery, and the difference paid in cash. Cash will also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn, at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.

January 1.

* Should the first number, on the 15th day of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1 to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next drawn number (not one of those numbers) shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets, with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn to them previous to the 15th day of drawing; and in the like manner with tickets for the 20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so that a person with one ticket may draw One Thousand Tickets! Question—How? Answer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property of *A*, the first drawn number on the 15th day of drawing, which will entitle *A* to the numbers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn number on the 20th day of drawing, may be No 175, which will entitle him to the numbers from 251 to 500. The first drawn number, on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive; and the first drawn number, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,250 to 22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!